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# Weather or Not We Should Go Outside [3rd grade]

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# **UNDERSTANDING BY DESIGN**

## Unit Cover Page

Unit Title: **Weather or Not We Should Go Outside** (Adapted from the TEKS Resource System TEKS Resource System - Texas Curriculum Management Program Cooperative (TCMPC) "Unit 03: Investigating Weather" Instruction Focus Document located on the web at: http://www.teksresourcesystem.net/module/content/search/item/1882/viewdetail.ashx)

Grade Level: Third Grade

Subject/Topic Area(s): Science

Designed By: Stephen Sackett

Time Frame: 6 Days

School District: San Antonio Independent School District

School: Lamar Elementary

School Address and Phone: 201 Parland Place, San Antonio, Texas 78209 210-738-9800

**Brief Summary of Unit** (Including curricular context and unit goals):

The purpose of this unit is for students to understand that daily weather conditions at a particular time and place can be observed, measured, and inform our decisions. This unit

focuses of developing the skills to observe, measure, record, and compare weather conditions in different locations at the same time using meteorologists' instruments and technology. The unit also focuses on recording and comparing weather data in graphs, tables, charts, and maps using a spreadsheet or presentation software.

## Technology

This unit will require full class access to computers, internet connection, and spreadsheet or presentation software (i.e., Microsoft Excel and PowerPoint).

### Materials

This unit will have a two-day lab that will require construction materials and tools to build homemade meteorologists' instruments (i.e., cups, straws, soda bottles, clay, tape, pins, ribbon, construction paper, card stock, food coloring, rubbing alcohol, compass, ruler, clock, stop watch, scissors, thermometer, etc.). The two-day lab will also require testing stations that will require a box fan, oscillating fan, watering can with bucket, ice water, and warm water.

## Weather or Not We Should Go Outside

Stage 1 – Desired Results					
Established Goals	Tra	ansfer			
<b>TEKS:</b> 3.8A observe, measure, record, and compare day- to-day weather changes in different locations at	<ul> <li>Students will independently use their learning to</li> <li>use meteorologists' instruments and technology to collect, record, and compare data related to day-to-day weather conditions in different locations.</li> <li>use the information and data obtained to write about which location would be the better place for a field trip of their choice.</li> </ul>				
the same time that	Me	aning			
include air temperature, wind direction, and precipitation; Process TEKS: 3.2 D, F 3.4 A	<ul> <li>Understandings</li> <li>Students will understand that</li> <li>daily weather conditions at a particular time and place can be observed, measured, and inform our decisions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essential Questions</li> <li>In what ways can weather conditions be described and measured?</li> <li>How does weather affect you?</li> </ul>			
5.177	Acqu	uisition			
	Knowledge Students will know	Skills Students will be able to			
	<ul> <li>weather may be different in different locations at the same time</li> <li>the difference between weather and climate</li> <li>the following vocabulary terms:         <ul> <li>Atmosphere – air that surrounds the Earth; made of a mixture of gases</li> <li>Cloud cover – the amount of sky covered by clouds</li> <li>Compass – an instrument containing a magnetized pointer, showing the direction of magnetic north; used to get bearings</li> <li>Meteorologist – a scientist who studies the weather</li> <li>Precipitation – water that falls to the Earth's surface as rain, snow, sleet, or hail</li> <li>Rain gauge – a tool for collecting and measuring the amount of precipitation that falls</li> <li>Temperature – a way of measuring how hot or cold something is; temperature is measured using either the Fahrenheit (F) or Celsius (C) scale</li> <li>Weather – day-to-day condition of the atmosphere in an area; weather has short-term variations (minutes to weeks)</li> <li>Wind speed – how fast the air is moving; wind speed is commonly</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>observe the weather</li> <li>use weather instruments to measure the weather</li> <li>Air temperature (thermometer)</li> <li>Wind direction (wind vane)</li> <li>Wind Speed (anemometer)</li> <li>Precipitation (rain gauge)</li> <li>record weather data in a graph, table, chart, or map</li> <li>compare recorded weather observations and measurements</li> </ul>			

	from the Program	• Wind vane – a weather instrument used to show the direction of the wind cabulary words and definitions for this unit are derived the TEKS Resource System - Texas Curriculum Management m Cooperative (TCMPC) website and can be referenced at: wtebresourcestem.net/module/content/search/item/1882/viewdetail.atv.	
CODE (M or T)	Evaluative Criteria (for rubric)		
M, T M, T	(See Performance Task Rubric)	Performance Task(s) Students will demonstrate meaning-making and transfer by • use meteorologists' instruments and technology to collect, record, and compare dat related to day to day weather conditions in different locations	
		Other Evidence (e.g., formative)  Think-Pair-Share Framing Weather Activity Discussion Class Chart Stem Lab Observations Group Presentations Exit Ticket Computer Lab Observations Weather Comparison Spreadsheet or Presentation Student Writing	
		Stage 3 – Learning Plan	
<b>CODE</b> (A, M, T)	Pre-Assessment         How will you check students' prior knowledge, skill levels, and potential misconceptions?         • Think-Pair-Share – Ask students "What do you know about weather?"         • Framing Weather Activity- "How do we observe, measure, and compare weather?"         • Step 1: Arrange students in groups of four.         • Step 2: Independently students will answer "How do we observe, measure, and compare weather?" on their section of the frame.         • Step 3: As a group, students will answer "How do we observe, measure, and compare weather?" in the center of the frame.         • Step 4: Each group will present their ideas to the class. (See Framing Weather Student Worksheet)		
	Learning Activit	ies	Progress Monitoring (e.g., formative data)
A	<ul><li>Conduct the pre-</li><li>Discussion: The t</li></ul>	Veather? (45 minutes) assessment eacher will facilitate a discussion and will chart ideas as they have learned from each other from the pre-	<ul> <li>Think-Pair-Share</li> <li>Framing Weather Activity</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Class Chart</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>assessment to answer "What do you know about weather?" and "How do we observe, measure, and compare weather?"</li> <li>Vocabulary: Review vocabulary that students mention during the lesson.</li> <li>Read Aloud: What Will the Weather Be? by Lynda DeWitt</li> </ul>	
А, М, Т	<ul> <li>Lessons 2-3: How does a meteorologist observe and measure the weather?</li> <li>(45 minutes each day)</li> <li>Think-Pair-Share: "What are the daily weather conditions meteorologists observe, measure and record?" Teacher will chart the responses.</li> <li>Discussion: "In what ways can these weather conditions be observed and measured?"</li> <li>STEM Lab – Develop instruments to measure weather conditions</li> <li>Objective: Students develop instruments to measure the following weather conditions: <ul> <li>Air temperature (thermometer)</li> <li>Wind direction (wind vane)</li> <li>Wind Speed (anemometer)</li> <li>Precipitation (rain gauge)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Set-up: <ul> <li>Testing stations for each weather condition (i.e. box fan, oscillating fan, watering can with bucket, ice water, and warm water)</li> <li>Various materials to build each instrument (i.e. cups, straws, soda bottles, clay, tape, pins, ribbon, construction paper, card stock, food coloring, rubbing alcohol)</li> <li>Various tools to build each instrument (i.e. compass, ruler, clock, stop watch, scissors, thermometer)</li> <li>Examples of homemade instruments: <ul> <li>Thermometer: http://www.education.com/actide//measure-up-with-a-homemade: http://www.education.com/actide/wind_vane.frst/</li> <li>Anemometer: http://www.education.com/actide/wind_vane.frst/</li> <li>Anemometer: http://www.education.com/actide/measure-up-with-a-homemade: http://activew.weather.com/actidity/article/misingaringuage.odf</li> </ul> </li> <li>Lab Instructions <ul> <li>Groups will be given time to brain storm solutions and must complete a diagram with labels of how they plan to build their instrument. Each team will have one logistics person that will create the supply list and pick up supplies from the "store". Unused items will be returned.</li> <li>Each team will be encouraged to continue to test and modify their instrument.</li> <li>Each team will have one logistics person that will create the supply list and pick up supplies from the "store". Unused items</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Think-Pair-Share</li> <li>STEM Lab Observations</li> <li>Group Presentations</li> <li>Exit Ticket</li> </ul>

A, M, T	Lesson 4: "How do you compare the weather conditions in different	Think-Pair-Share
	locations at the same time?" (45 minutes)	Computer Lab
	• Think-Pair-Share: "How do you determine the weather conditions in	Observations
	different locations at the same time?" Teacher will chart the responses.	Weather Comparison
	• Demonstration: Demonstrate how to determine the weather conditions in	Spreadsheet or
	locations other than our own.	Presentation
	Computer Lab: Students will visit various weather sites to determine the	
	local and a distant locations weather. Only provide students with a white	
	sheet of paper to record data.	
	<ul> <li>Discussion: "What is a better way to record our data?" Chart Student responses.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Demonstration: Demonstrate recording weather in a graph, table, chart, or map</li> </ul>	
	• Think-Pair-Share: "In what ways could you compare the weather conditions in different locations at the same time?"	
	• Technology: Students will work in small groups using previously learned	
	knowledge about MS Excel or PowerPoint to create charts and graphs to	
	compare weather in two different locations at the same time.	
A, M, T	Lesson 5: How does weather affect you? /Review (45 minutes)	Think-Pair-Share
	• Note: Teacher may choose to use the writing block for this lesson.	<ul> <li>Student writing</li> </ul>
	• Story: The teacher will tell a story of a time when weather impacted their life.	
	• Think-Pair-Share: "How does the weather effect you?" Teacher will chart	
	the responses.	
	• Writing	
	• Prompt: "Write about a time when weather effected your plans. What	
	did you have planned? How did it change your plans? What did you do	
	to overcome some of the weather conditions? What could you do in the future when taking a trip to help reduce the impact of weather on your	
	trip?"	
	<ul> <li>The teacher will provide a word bank of weather related words.</li> </ul>	
	• Students will think about the prompt then share their ideas with a	
	partner.	
	$\circ$ Student will then be given time to organize their ideas and begin writing.	
	$\circ$ Teacher will check-in with students and monitor progress.	
	Review: The teacher will conduct a brief review as needed.	
	Lesson 6: Student Performance Task (45-90 Minutes)	
	<ul> <li>Note: Teacher may choose to add the writing block to complete this assessment.</li> </ul>	
	(See Performance Task Assignment Sheet)	

#### **Useful Links:**

USA Weather: http://www.weather.gov/ Global Weather: http://www.intellicast.com/Global/Default.aspx Global Wind Currents: https://earth.nullschool.net/ NOAA/NASA Simulators: http://scijinks.jpl.nasa.gov/menu/games/ PBS NOVA Cloud Lab http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/labs/lab/cloud/ CMISS Simulators: http://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/wxfest/explore.html Weather Wise: http://profhorn.meteor.wisc.edu/wxwise/ UCAR Simulators: http://scied.ucar.edu/games-sims-weather-climate-atmosphere